How did the British empire change Britain and the world?

	India	Australia	The Caribbean	Britain
Political power, control, laws, government	The Governor General of east the India company ruled most of India. By the mid 19th century India had improved as before India's trade and laws were very weak but improved when Britain took over.	The lives of Aboriginal and Torres. Srait Islander peoples were profoundly changed by the arrival of the British colonists by the arrival of British colonists in 1788. Lives were lost and gave Britain control of Australia. Since the British now had control they changed Australia into a place for prisoners to go, but people who lived in Australia also got jobs.	The first Caribbean islands to be settled by the British were st kitts in the north east Barbados in the southeast. Corner of the Caribbean.	When Britain first came to the Caribbean, Spain ruled it. Britain then took over and stole the reign from them.
Economic jobs, money, taxation, living standards, transport, trade	The company used ships to take goods from India to sell to China to pay for tea. There was a huge impact on citizens job opportunities changed.	When the British empire happened Australia and Britain gained an important base for its ships in the Pacific Ocean. The British gained an important place for its ships.	They turned most of the land in the Caribbean into plantations. Most people became slaves on the plantations, growing and farming sugar. Most of the money went to creating for things that would be useful for the British markets. The slaves were beat and given little food.	Britain became the capital of money on London's trading floors speculators bought and sold commodities. Britain gained raw materials that were traded such as tea, juice and rubber.

Social status and relationships between different groups and humanitarian basic welfare, health	Muslims and Hindus were told not to be friends. They started to no longer get along with the British and now grew to dislike them a lot. Yes many Indians lost their power towards the people. The people of India became poor and their health downgraded. Many rebels were shot and killed because they didn't want people to think they had the power.	The aborigines in Australia would get badly hurt if they trespassed onto their land. After the British handed over direct rule to Australia in 1901 it was still the same	The British empire turned all the Africans in the Caribbean into slaves. There were many different groups such as: Plantation owners, Slave traders, slaves etc. There wasn't much relationship between any of the groups as they all had their own things to do. The effect on poverty and health meant that people starved and found it hard to work and they were sometimes ill. People who died were mainly the African slaves because some of them tried to run away or did bad things to the plantation. Some plantation owners died because of the slave blowing up the plantations or because of the war.	Lots of different countries lost trust with Britain and refused to trade with them. The traders gained status because they made the whole thing happen. More foreigners immigrated to Britain. Many British people then became poor and illnesses started to spread.
Cultural religion, education, traditions, art and architecture	Indian religion in the time of the British empire clashed directly with the British Christianity and Indians were targeted. Traditions were also affected as the Christianity had different belief language had to be adapted to.	Indian religion in the time of the British empire clashed directly with the British Christianity and Indians were targeted. Traditions were also affected as Christians had different beliefs and language had to be adapted to.	Yes it kind of affected religion and their different beliefs. Actions clashed and it lead to a negative outweigh positive impacts.	The British empire and the British religion clashed a lot while they were ruling as everyone believed in different things.

Choose two of the following statements. Write a paragraph for each one, to explain whether you agree with the statement or would change it, and why.

The British Empire was designed for trade, and had mainly economic consequences for the colonies and the people living in them.

Apart from bringing in money through trade, the empire didn't really change Britain.

The effect of the British Empire was quite similar in all the various different countries the British ruled.