| Separation method | What kind of mixture does it separate? | Apparatus (a labelled diagram or list) | Example from GCSE Chemistry |
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| Filtration | It separates an insoluble solid from a liquid. | It works as the insoluble solid is too big to pass the filter paper (this is called the residue) but the liquid can pass through it and drops into the beaker below (this is called the filtrate). | -Sand and water <br> -coffee grounds and water <br> -excess metal oxide from reacted metal oxide and acid |
| Evaporation | Evaporation is used to separate a soluble solid from a liquid. | It works by leaving your mixture on an evaporating dish and if left then the solvent will eventually evaporate. This process can happen quicker if you heat the mixture. | -salt and water <br> -separating water and dry copper sulfate crystals |
| Crystallisation | Used to separate a soluble solid from a solution. | Once the mixture has been left to evaporate some of the solvent, the mixture can be separated by crystallisation. As solution forms, the solvent can't hold all the solute so it leaves forming crystals. | -separating water and dry copper sulfate crystals |


|  | This is used for <br> separating a <br> solvent from a <br> solution. | This works as when heating mixture the <br> solvent evaporates and boils but the solute <br> doesn't. Then this evaporated water gets <br> cooled and due to condensation as it goes <br> through a cold tube. It gets turned back into a <br> liquid. | -separating salt from <br> water |
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| Simple distillation |  |  |  |
| -separating sugar from |  |  |  |
| water. |  |  |  |


|  | It can be used to <br> separate mixtures <br> of soluble <br> substances. | It works by samples of mixtures are placed on <br> chromatography paper. The paper is then <br> lowered into a solvent and the liquid soaks up <br> the paper, and goes up the paper. The liquid <br> also dissolves the ink in it and carrys the ink up <br> tha paper too.The most soluble substance in <br> the mixture will travel the furthest up the paper <br> but the least won't go that far up. | -Separating inks <br> Chromatography |
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